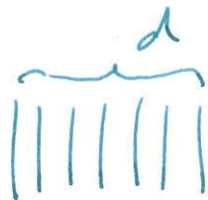


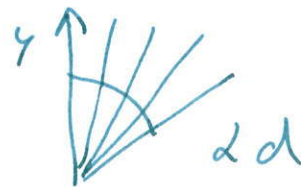
Twist



(1)

$$L_c = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-i\beta d} \end{pmatrix}$$

N-vrstev



$$R(\theta) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta z = \frac{d}{N}$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-i\beta \Delta z} \end{pmatrix}$$

m -ty' otocení; kompenzace θ_m

$$C_m = R(-\theta_m) C R(\theta_m)$$

$$L = \prod_{m=1}^N R(-\theta_m) C R(\theta_m)$$

bude $n = \pi$.

$$R(-\theta_m) C \underbrace{R(\theta_m) R(-\theta_{m-1})}_{C} R(\theta_{m-1})$$

$$R(\theta_m) R(-\theta_{m-1}) = R(\theta_m - \theta_{m-1})$$

$$= R(\Delta\theta) = R(\alpha \Delta z)$$

$$L = R(-\theta_N) [C R(\alpha \Delta z)]^{N-1} C \quad / \quad R(\theta_N) = \hat{1} \quad (2)$$

$$\beta \gg \alpha \Rightarrow R(\alpha \Delta z) \approx \hat{1}$$

$$L \approx R(-\theta_N) C^N = R(-\alpha d) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-i\beta d} \end{pmatrix}$$

\approx

poč. a signál lin. pol. v ose y

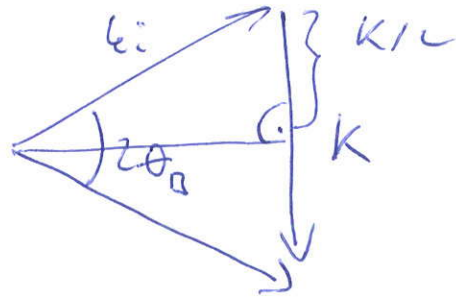
$$\boxed{L \approx R(-\alpha d)}$$

rotace lin. pol.

Bragg's condition

(3)

$$\underline{\underline{\sin \theta_B}} = \frac{\lambda}{2d}$$



$$\sin \theta_B = \frac{k/2}{k_i} = \frac{2\pi/d}{2 \cdot 2\pi/\lambda}$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{2d} \quad \checkmark$$